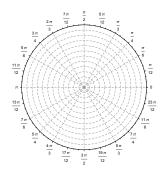
10.4 Polar Coordinates and Polar Graphs

Name: Date: August 5, 2015

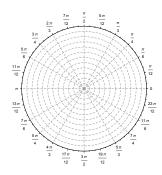
P 2. Plot the point in polar coordinates and find the corresponding rectangular coordinates for the point.

$$(-2, 5\pi/3)$$



P 4. Plot the point in polar coordinates and find the corresponding rectangular coordinates for the point.

$$(0, -7\pi/6)$$



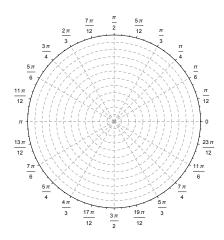
P 6. Plot the point in polar coordinates and find the corresponding rectangular coordinates for the point.

$$(-2, 11\pi/6)$$



P 12. Plot the point in rectangular coordinates and find the corresponding polar coordinates for the point.

$$(0, -6)$$



P 14. Plot the point in rectangular coordinates and find the corresponding polar coordinates for the point.

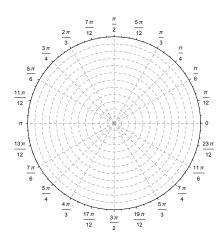
$$(4, -2)$$

P 16. Plot the point in rectangular coordinates and find the corresponding polar coordinates for the point.

$$(3, -\sqrt{3})$$

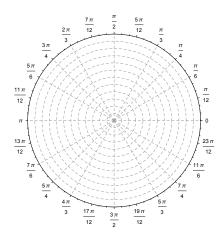
P 23. Convert the rectangular equation to polar form and sketch its graph.

$$x^2 + y^2 = 9$$



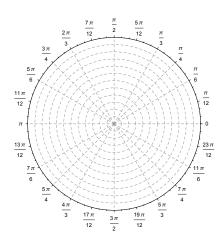
P 28. Convert the rectangular equation to polar form and sketch its graph.

$$x = 12$$



P 32. Convert the rectangular equation to polar form and sketch its graph.

$$(x^2 + y^2)^2 - 9(x^2 - y^2) = 0$$



P 34. Convert the polar equation to rectangular form and sketch its graph.

r = -5

P 36. Convert the polar equation to rectangular form and sketch its graph.

 $r = 5\cos\theta$

P 38. Convert the polar equation to rectangular form and sketch its graph.

 $\theta = 5\pi/6$

P 40. Convert the polar equation to rectangular form and sketch its graph.

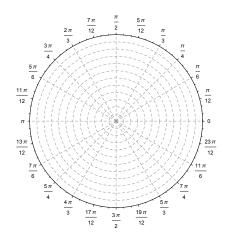
$$r = 2\cos\theta$$

P 43. Find an interval for θ over which the graph is traced only once.

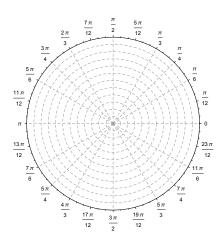
$$r = 2 - 5\cos\theta$$

P 69. Sketch a graph of the polar equation and find the tangents at the pole.

$$r = 5\sin\theta$$

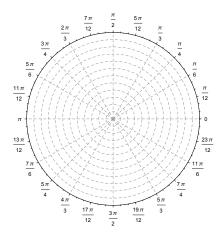


$$r = 8$$



P 82. Sketch a graph of the polar equation.

$$r = 5 - 4\sin\theta$$



P 86. Sketch a graph of the polar equation.

$$r = 1/\theta$$

