

Homework 7

Name: **SOLUTIONS**

Date: July 28, 2015

P 1. Consider the series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2(n^2 + 3n + 3)}{n(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)}$$

1. Find a formula for s_n . [Hint: Find the partial fractions decomposition of $\frac{2(n^2+3n+3)}{n(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)}$]
2. Find s_1, s_2, s_3 , and s_4
3. Find the sum of the series, S .

Solution: Note,

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n+1)} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+1} + \frac{1}{n+2} - \frac{1}{n+3} \right)$$

1.

$$s_1 = 1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$s_2 = 1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{5} = 1 - \frac{1}{5}$$

$$s_3 = 1 - \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{6} = 1 + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$s_4 = 1 + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{7} = 1 + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7}$$

2. $s_n = 1 + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{n+1} - \frac{1}{n+3}$ for $n \geq 1$

3. $S = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} s_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{n+1} - \frac{1}{n+3} \right) = 1 + 1/3 = 4/3$

P 2. Consider the sequence with n th term

$$a_n = f^{(n)}(x)$$

where $f(x) = \frac{1}{1-2x}$.

- (a) Find the first five terms of the sequence.
- (b) Find a formula for the n th term of the sequence.
- (c) Simplify $a_n/n!$

Solution:

(a)

$$n = 1 \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{2}{(1-2x)^2} = \frac{2^1 \cdot 1!}{(1-2x)^2}$$

$$n = 2 \Rightarrow f''(x) = \frac{8}{(1-2x)^3} = \frac{2^2 \cdot 2!}{(1-2x)^3}$$

$$n = 3 \Rightarrow f'''(x) = \frac{48}{(1-2x)^4} = \frac{2^3 \cdot 3!}{(1-2x)^4}$$

$$n = 4 \Rightarrow f^{(4)}(x) = \frac{384}{(1-2x)^5} = \frac{2^4 \cdot 4!}{(1-2x)^5}$$

$$n = 5 \Rightarrow f^{(5)}(x) = \frac{3840}{(1-2x)^6} = \frac{2^5 \cdot 5!}{(1-2x)^6}$$

$$(b) f^{(n)}(x) = \frac{2^n \cdot n!}{(1-2x)^{n+1}}$$

$$(c) \frac{a_n}{n!} = -\frac{\frac{2^n \cdot n!}{(1-2x)^{n+1}}}{n!} = \frac{2^n}{(1-2x)^{n+1}}$$