## 4.1 Using First and Second Derivatives

Name:

Date:

**P 5.** Find the critical points and inflection points of  $f(x) = x^5 - 10x^3 - 8$ .

**P** 7. Find the critical points and inflection points of  $f(x) = 5x - 3 \ln x$ .

**P 9.** Find all local maxima and minima of  $f(x) = 3x^4 - 3x^3 + 6$ .

**P 12.** Find all local maxima and minima of  $f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 + 1}$ .

**P 27.** Sketch a possible graph of y = f(x), using the given information about the derivatives y' = f'(x) and y'' = f''(x). Assume that the function is defined and continuous for all real x.



**P 29.** Sketch a possible graph of y = f(x), using the given information about the derivatives y' = f'(x) and y'' = f''(x). Assume that the function is defined and continuous for all real x.

y' undefined y' > 0	y' = 0 $\downarrow y' > 0$	→ X
	X2	
y" undefined y" > 0	y" > 0	v

**P** 49. The differentiable function f has x = 1 as its only zero and x = 2 as the x-coordinate of its only critical point. For  $y = f(x^2 - 3)$ , find all (a) Zeros and (b) Critical points.