

2.6 Differentiability

Name:

Date:

P 5. Decide if the function is differentiable at $x = 0$.

$$f(x) = (x + |x|)^2 + 1$$

P 10. The acceleration due to gravity, g , varies with height above the surface of the earth, in a certain way. If you go down below the surface of the earth, g varies in a different way. It can be shown that g is given by

$$g = \begin{cases} \frac{GMr}{R^3}, & \text{for } r < R \\ \frac{GM}{r^2}, & \text{for } r \geq R \end{cases}$$

where R is the radius of the earth, M is the mass of the earth, G is the gravitational constant, and r is the distance to the center of the earth.

- (a) Sketch a graph of g against r .
- (b) Is g a continuous function of r ? Explain your answer.
- (c) Is g a differentiable function of r ? Explain your answer.

P 14. A cable is made of an insulating material in the shape of a long, thin cylinder of radius r_0 . It has electric charge distributed evenly throughout it. The electric field, E , at a distance r from the center of the cable is given by

$$E = \begin{cases} kr, & \text{for } r \leq r_0 \\ k\frac{r_0^2}{r}, & \text{for } r > r_0. \end{cases}$$

- (a) Is E continuous at $r = r_0$?
- (b) Is E differentiable at $r = r_0$?
- (c) Sketch a graph of E as a function of r .

P 16. Sometimes, odd behavior can be hidden beneath the surface of a rather normal-looking function. Consider the following function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } x < 0 \\ x^2, & \text{if } x \geq 0. \end{cases}$$

- (a) Sketch a graph of this function. Does it have any vertical segments or corners? Is it differentiable everywhere? If so, sketch the derivative of f' of this function.
- (b) Is the derivative function, $f'(x)$, differentiable everywhere? If not, at what point(s) is it not differentiable? Draw the second derivative of $f(x)$ wherever it exists. Is the second derivative function, $f''(x)$, differentiable? Continuous?

P 18. Explain what is wrong with the statement.

“If f is not differentiable at a point then it is not continuous at that point.”